

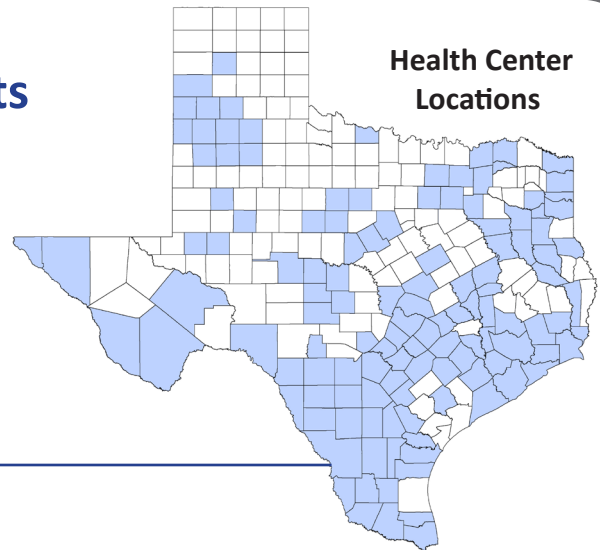
Texas Community Health Centers*



Community health centers (also known as federally qualified health centers, FQHCs, or health centers) provide **high-quality, affordable, primary and preventive health care services** to people who otherwise may lack access to medical care due to where they live, lack of insurance, language barriers, income level or their complex health care needs. Community health centers reach low-income and medically underserved communities and serve patients regardless of insurance status or ability to pay. They also provide enabling services like health education, transportation and case management. Health centers are community-driven, with patients making up at least 51% of each health center's board of directors.

Texas Health Centers Quick Facts

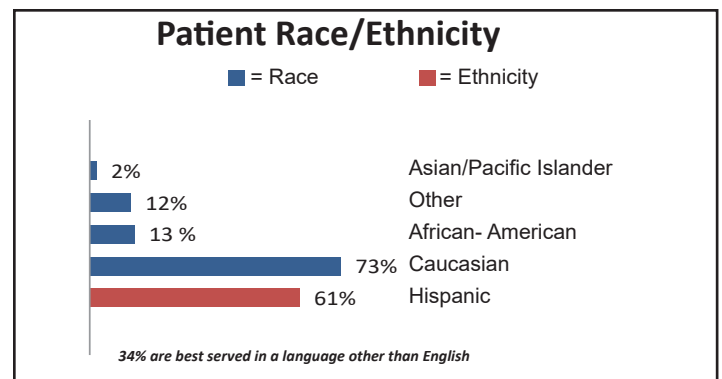
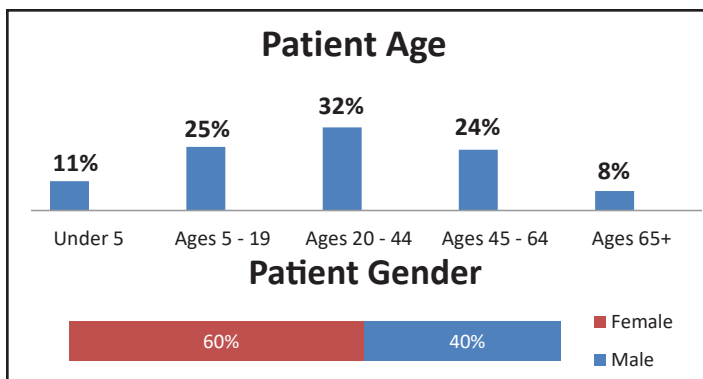
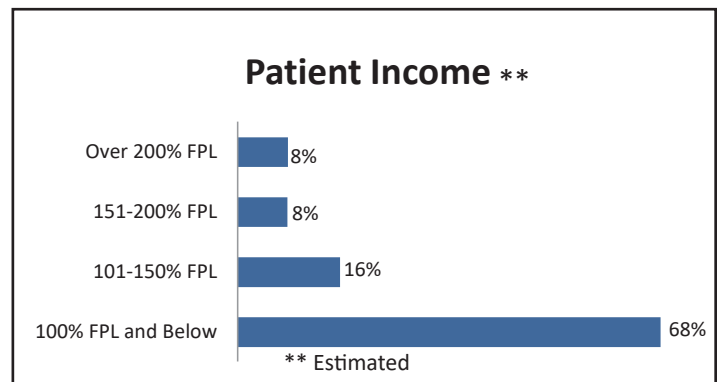
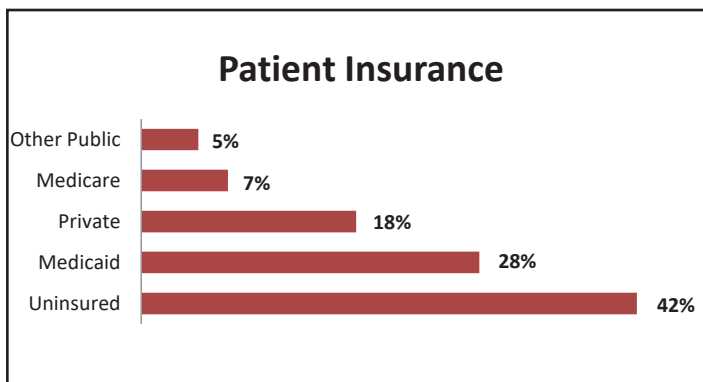
- 1,426,019 million patients served annually
- 5,309,690 patient visits annually
- 73 FQHCs and 2 FQHC Look-Alikes in 2017 ¹
- Over 500 service delivery sites
- Located in 126 counties across Texas



¹ FQHC Look-Alikes are centers that meet all the FQHC designation requirements but do not receive federal funding.

Texas Health Center Patients

Health centers maintain an open-door policy, ensuring everyone receives care regardless of financial status. For patients without insurance who self-pay, health centers use sliding scale fees based on patient income.



* 2017 UDS data includes statistics for the recognized FQHCs in 2017; 74 out of the 75 centers reported data in UDS in 2017.

Community Investment

Health centers are a driving economic force in their communities, **adding over \$2.1 billion annually to the Texas economy.** More than 11,100 fulltime equivalent employees work at Texas health centers in a wide range of positions from primary care physicians to pharmacy technicians and outreach workers.

Texas Health Centers employ 11,197 fulltime equivalent employees, of which 6,693 provide direct clinical care.	
Physicians:	633
Nurse Practitioners/Physician Assistants/Certified Nurse Midwives	632
Dentists/Dental Hygienists	301
Mental Health/Substance Abuse Providers	409
Pharmacy Personnel	301
Vision Care Providers	32
Enabling Services Personnel	1,087
Other Medical/Dental Personnel	3,298

Annual Patient Visits by Service Provided	
Medical Visits:	3,918,176
Dental Visits:	595,652
Mental Health Visits:	353,902
Substance Abuse Visits:	21,338
Other Professional Visits:	55,022
Vision Care Visits:	32,975
Enabling Visits:	332,625
Total Visits:	5,309,690



Revenue Sources

Health center revenue comes from a variety of sources. Medicaid dollars represent the largest source, accounting for 27% of total health center funds. Health centers also receive ongoing federal grants used primarily to fund care for the uninsured. State and local funding comprise 10% of health center revenue.

Patient self-pay revenues account for 7% of total health center income.

Economical Care

Health centers provide preventive care and assist patients to effectively manage chronic conditions such as hypertension and diabetes. Research shows that effective preventive care and chronic disease management reduces the need for more costly urgent hospital emergency room care.

2017 Revenue Sources		
Medicaid	\$310,108,515	27%
Health Center Grants	\$260,455,668	22%
State/Local Funds	\$115,705,758	10%
Patient Self-Pay	\$84,285,791	7%
Foundation/Private Grants	\$128,377,761	11%
Private Insurance	\$82,801,633	7%
CHIP/Other Public Programs	\$44,106,108	4%
Fundraising/Other Revenue	\$69,873,736	6%
Medicare	\$53,663,750	5%
Other Federal Grants	\$15,799,141	1%
Total Revenue	\$1,165,177,861	100%

Average Annual Cost per Patient	
Medical	\$564
Dental	\$504
Behavioral Health	\$719
Substance Abuse	\$445
Services (including all services)	\$812
Average Cost per Patient Visit	
Medical	\$183
Dental	\$194
Behavioral Health	\$176
Substance Abuse	\$93
Average Annual Visits	
All Visits per Patient	3.7
Medical	3.1
Dental	2.6
Behavioral Health	4.1
Substance Abuse	4.8